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МОСКВА



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Контрольные работы являются неотъемлемой частью учебно-методического комплекта «Английский язык» для 6 класса серии «Rainbow English» авторов О. В. Афанасьевой, И. В. Михеевой, К. М. Барановой.

Данное пособие включает в себя контрольные работы по учебным ситуациям, предлагаемым в УМК для 6 класса, а также полугодовую и годовую контрольные работы.

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Контрольные задания к учебной ситуации «Two Capitals» (Unit 1)

ВАРИАНТ 1 (обычный уровень сложности)

1 Прочитай текст и закончи предложения после него в соответствии с содержанием текста.

Our Capital

Moscow is beautiful in all seasons of the year. In winter when everything is white with snow, Moscow parks and gardens, streets and buildings look fantastic. The coldest month is January. If you are planning to visit Moscow in winter, take warm clothes with you.

Moscow is wonderful to visit in the summer too. The city looks very green. There are lots of flowers in its streets and squares. The warmest months are June, July and August. July is the sunniest month and August is the rainiest month of the summer.

1. Moscow is beautiful in spring, in _____.
2. In Moscow January is usually colder than _____.
3. The warmest months in Moscow are _____.
4. In summer you can see a lot of green trees and _____.
5. In Moscow there is more rain in _____ than in _____.

2 Соедини слова в двух колонках, чтобы получить названия шести достопримечательностей Москвы и Санкт-Петербурга. Напиши их.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------|
| 1. Spasskaya | a) Cathedral | 1. _____ |
| 2. Red | b) Y. Gagarin | 2. _____ |
| 3. the monument to | c) Bridge | 3. _____ |
| 4. Kazan | d) Tower | 4. _____ |
| 5. Palace | e) Gallery | 5. _____ |
| 6. the Tretyakov | f) Square | 6. _____ |

3 Вставь в предложения соответствующие словосочетания из рамки.

wooden buildings by and by founded the city
beautiful cathedrals fairly well take a taxi

1. Tsar Peter the Great _____ in 1703.
2. I am going to _____ to get to the airport.

3. There are a lot of _____ in St Petersburg.
4. I can hear you _____, but I don't understand all the words.
5. A lot of churches in Suzdal are _____.
6. We are going to rebuild the old school _____.

4 Определи, к какой части речи относятся подчёркнутые слова, и отметь их соответствующими символами: N — существительное, V — глагол, Adj — прилагательное.

1. Can you place the box on the second shelf?
2. I don't know the place you're talking about.
3. Can I have an orange, please?
4. There is some orange juice in the glass.
5. Is there any water in the cup?
6. Water the flowers, please.
7. The children ate a lot of chocolate yesterday.
8. I liked your chocolate cake very much.

5 Выбери и обведи лексически правильные варианты из данных в скобках.

1. It was dark in the park, Jerry couldn't see (anything/something).
2. Why are you so slow? We can (miss/take) our bus.
3. I don't think you can (hear/listen to) Mr Palmer well from here. He is too far away.
4. Who (found/founded) St Petersburg and when was it?
5. These hills are not very (high/tall).
6. Rose says she has very (few/little) friends in her new school.
7. We never buy (many/much) food.
8. (Everybody/Everything) understands such things.

6 Впиши в предложения соответствующие формы глаголов из правой колонки.

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 1. Nobody _____ anything about these people last year, nobody _____ anything about them now. | know
know |
| 2. When we came back, we saw that the Browns _____ their garage. | rebuild |
| 3. I got out of the car and _____ a strange woman who _____ in the middle of the road. | see
stand |
| 4. Let's walk as fast as we can or we _____ the bus. | miss |
| 5. Jane, _____ you _____ to me? | listen |

ВАРИАНТ 2 (обычный уровень сложности)

- 1** Прочитай текст и закончи предложения после него в соответствии с содержанием текста.

Moscow, the Main City of Russia

Moscow is the capital of our country. It is one of the oldest cities in Russia. It was founded in 1147 by Prince Yuri Dolgorukiy who built a fortress on the high bank of the wide and deep Moskva River.

Moscow began to grow fast. People from all parts of Russia came there. Soon the city became bigger and stronger. In the 15th century it was Russia's main city, the centre of life in the country. Prince Ivan III made Moscow the capital city of the country.

Peter the Great moved the capital to St Petersburg at the beginning of the 18th century, but Moscow was still very important and played a great role in Russian history.

1. Moscow is older than _____.
2. In the 12th century the Moskva River was _____.
3. People moved to Moscow from _____.
4. In the 15th century Moscow was more important than _____
_____.
5. In the 18th century Moscow wasn't the capital of Russia, but _____
_____.

- 2** Соедини слова в двух колонках, чтобы получить названия шести достопримечательностей Москвы и Санкт-Петербурга. Напиши их.

- | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|
| 1. Dvortsovaya | a) Palace | 1. _____ |
| 2. the Bolshoi | b) Prospect | 2. _____ |
| 3. Winter | c) Bridge | 3. _____ |
| 4. the Summer | d) Square | 4. _____ |
| 5. Nevsky | e) Garden | 5. _____ |
| 6. the Anichkov | f) Theatre | 6. _____ |

- 3** Вставь в предложения соответствующие словосочетания из рамки.

fairly fast six buildings change anything
beautiful statues tall columns right bank

1. You can see a lot of _____ in the Summer Garden from May to September.

2. The Bolshoi Theatre has got eight _____.
3. Our train is moving _____.
4. Nowadays the Hermitage is situated in _____.
5. The _____ of the river is higher than the left side.
6. I am not going to _____ in my life.

4 Определи, к какой части речи относятся подчёркнутые слова, и отметь их соответствующими символами: N — существительное, V — глагол, Adj — прилагательное.

1. There is a small stone by the bench.
2. There is an old stone church near the market.
3. There is very little water in the cup.
4. Granny asks you to water the flowers.
5. We can house seven people here.
6. Can you see a big wooden house on the hill?
7. I would like an apple, please.
8. I would like an apple pie, please.

5 Выбери и обведи лексически правильные варианты из данных в скобках.

1. Would you like (anything/something) to eat? Are you hungry?
2. Russian princes often tried to (found/find) towns on the banks of the rivers.
3. Don't believe (everything/everybody) she says.
4. Is John singing? I can't (hear/listen) him.
5. We are going to (miss/take) a taxi. Will you join us?
6. There is still (many/much) to do in the house.
7. Richard is not so (high/tall) as his cousin.
8. There is (few/little) milk in the bottle. Can you bring some?

6 Впиши в предложения соответствующие формы глаголов из правой колонки.

- | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------|-------|------|-------|---------|-----------|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The young prince _____ the city at the beginning of the 17th century. He _____ a lot of churches in it. 2. We _____ to Moscow next year. 3. At five o'clock yesterday they _____ the flowers in the garden. 4. Look, the workers _____ the palace. 5. Last Sunday Nick _____ his photos. They _____ fairly good. | <table border="0"> <tr><td>found</td></tr> <tr><td>build</td></tr> <tr><td>move</td></tr> <tr><td>water</td></tr> <tr><td>rebuild</td></tr> <tr><td>bring, be</td></tr> </table> | found | build | move | water | rebuild | bring, be |
| found | | | | | | | |
| build | | | | | | | |
| move | | | | | | | |
| water | | | | | | | |
| rebuild | | | | | | | |
| bring, be | | | | | | | |

6. I saw nobody in the garden, but somebody _____ play
the piano in the house.

ВАРИАНТ 3 (обычный уровень сложности)

1 Прочитай текст и закончи предложения после него в соответствии с содержанием текста.

Places of Interest in Moscow

There are a lot of theatres in Moscow. The world-famous Bolshoi Theatre is situated in the centre of our capital. Its building with eight tall columns is really beautiful. The company of the theatre is famous not only in Russia but abroad too. When the Bolshoi Ballet was in the USA, Americans called it a “company of stars”.

The Maly Theatre opened in 1824 and as there was already the Bolshoi Theatre in the square, the new theatre got the name Maly. In 1929 a monument to the dramatist Alexander Ostrovsky (1823—1888) appeared in front of the theatre building. Theatre-goers can see practically all the plays by this great Russian writer here.

1. The Bolshoi Theatre is older _____.
2. The Bolshoi Theatre is famous _____.
3. Americans liked _____.
4. The Maly Theatre appeared in _____.
5. You can see practically all plays by Ostrovsky _____.

2 Соедини слова в двух колонках, чтобы получить названия шести достопримечательностей Москвы и Санкт-Петербурга. Напиши их.

- | | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------|
| 1. the Tretyakov | a) Cathedral | 1. _____ |
| 2. the Moscow | b) Bridge | 2. _____ |
| 3. St Basil’s | c) Metro | 3. _____ |
| 4. Moscow | d) Museum | 4. _____ |
| 5. the Russian | e) Gallery | 5. _____ |
| 6. Palace | f) University | 6. _____ |

3 Вставь в предложения соответствующие словосочетания из рамки.

defend the city beautiful palaces stone buildings
middle of the road moved the capital builders and architects

1. In 1712 Peter the Great _____ of Russia to St Petersburg.
2. Winter Palace is one of the most _____ in St Petersburg.

3. What helped them to _____?
4. Talented _____ built the cathedrals on the territory of the Kremlin in Moscow.
5. The first _____ appeared in Moscow in the 14th century.
6. The car stopped in the _____.

4 Определи, к какой части речи относятся подчёркнутые слова, и отметь их соответствующими символами: N — существительное, V — глагол, Adj — прилагательное.

1. Last summer was very warm.
2. When do your summer holidays begin?
3. I don't think many children like tomato soup.
4. There is a green tomato on the plate.
5. The shower isn't working.
6. I want to shower and dress.
7. When do you usually milk the cows?
8. Did you buy any milk yesterday?

5 Выбери и обведи лексически правильные варианты из данных в скобках.

1. Do you know who (found/founded) Moscow? — Yes, Prince Yuri Dolgoruki did.
2. We have only (few/little) apples in the vase. Can you bring some more?
3. Sit down and (hear/listen to) what the gentleman is going to say.
4. There are (many/much) monuments in the centre of the city.
5. I know (anything/nothing) about this man, so I can't give you his address.
6. There is (little/few) juice in the jug. We need more.
7. Tell Rose to (miss/take) a taxi. It's much faster.
8. The mountains in the east are really very (tall/high).

6 Впиши в предложения соответствующие формы глаголов из правой колонки.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When I was in London, I often _____ what English people _____. 2. Can you see who _____ on the other side of the road? 3. Rose and Sue never go to the market, their granny always _____ vegetables and _____ them home. | <p>understand</p> <p>say</p> <p>stand</p> <p>buy, bring</p> |
|---|---|

4. Yesterday James _____ anything on the menu. | not like
 5. I don't know when they _____ their | change
 tickets. I hope they _____ it next week. | do

ВАРИАНТ 4 (повышенный уровень сложности)

- 1** Прочитай текст и отметь, какие предложения (1—6) соответствуют содержанию (Т), какие — нет (F) и о чём в тексте не упоминается (NS).

Red Square is in the centre of Moscow. It is 695 metres long and 130 metres wide, which makes it the largest square in Moscow. There are many historic buildings in the Square. One of them is St Basil's Cathedral. Its architects are Barma and Postnik. There are nine churches in the building.

Not far from it you can see a monument to Kuzma Minin and Prince Dmitry Pozharsky. The monument appeared in the Square in 1818. But the Kremlin wall is the oldest in Red Square. It runs along one side of it and has three tall towers. The wall and the towers are 500 years old.

1. Red Square is larger than the other Moscow squares.
2. Two architects built St Basil's Cathedral.
3. The first name of Red Square was different.
4. There are more than ten churches in St Basil's Cathedral.
5. St Basil's Cathedral is newer than the Kremlin towers in Red Square.
6. The monument to Minin and Pozharsky appeared in Red Square in the 19th century.

- 2** Соедини слова в двух колонках и вставь полученные словосочетания в соответствующие предложения.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. stone | a) architects |
| 2. wooden | b) statues |
| 3. Italian | c) anything |
| 4. marble | d) cathedrals |
| 5. wide | e) fast |
| 6. understand | f) houses |
| 7. changing | g) road |

1. There are not many _____ in modern big cities, but we can see them in old Russian towns.
2. The Russian tsars rebuilt the Moscow Kremlin with the help of _____.